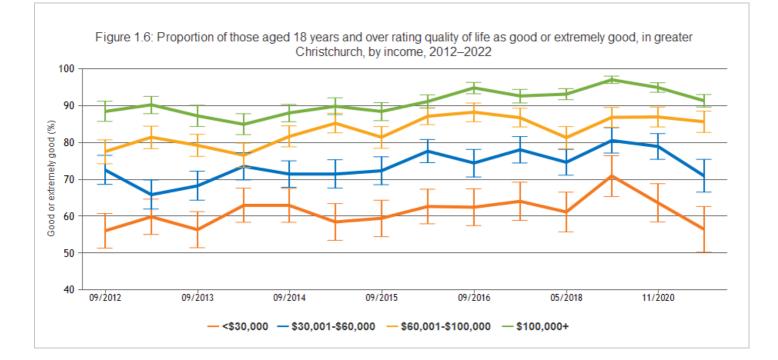


Quality of life: Breakdown by income

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The figure shows a clear positive relationship between income and overall quality of life, with the proportion of those rating their overall quality of life as good or extremely good increasing with increasing annual household income. The differences between the four income groups shown in the figure have been statistically significant at most time-points across the time-series. In 2022, almost all (91.3%) of those respondents from the \$100,000+ income group rated their quality of life as good or extremely good, compared with 56.4 percent of those from the <\$30,000 income group (a large and statistically significant difference). The year-to-year differences in overall quality of life for the period 2019 to 2022 are generally not statistically significant, except for the \$100,000+ group (down from 94.9% in 2020 to 91.3% in 2022). Additionally, the lowest income group's quality of life appears to have declined notably (for the <\$30,000 group, 70.9% 2019 to 56.4% 2022).

Data Sources for Quality of life

Source: Te Whatu Ora Waitaha Canterbury.

Survey/data set: Canterbury Wellbeing Survey to 2022. Access publicly available data from Te Mana Ora | Community and Public Health website www.cph.co.nz/your-health/wellbeing-survey/

Source data frequency: Annually.

Metadata for the Quality of life indicator is available at https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/index-data

This is the full reference list for Subjective Wellbeing.

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