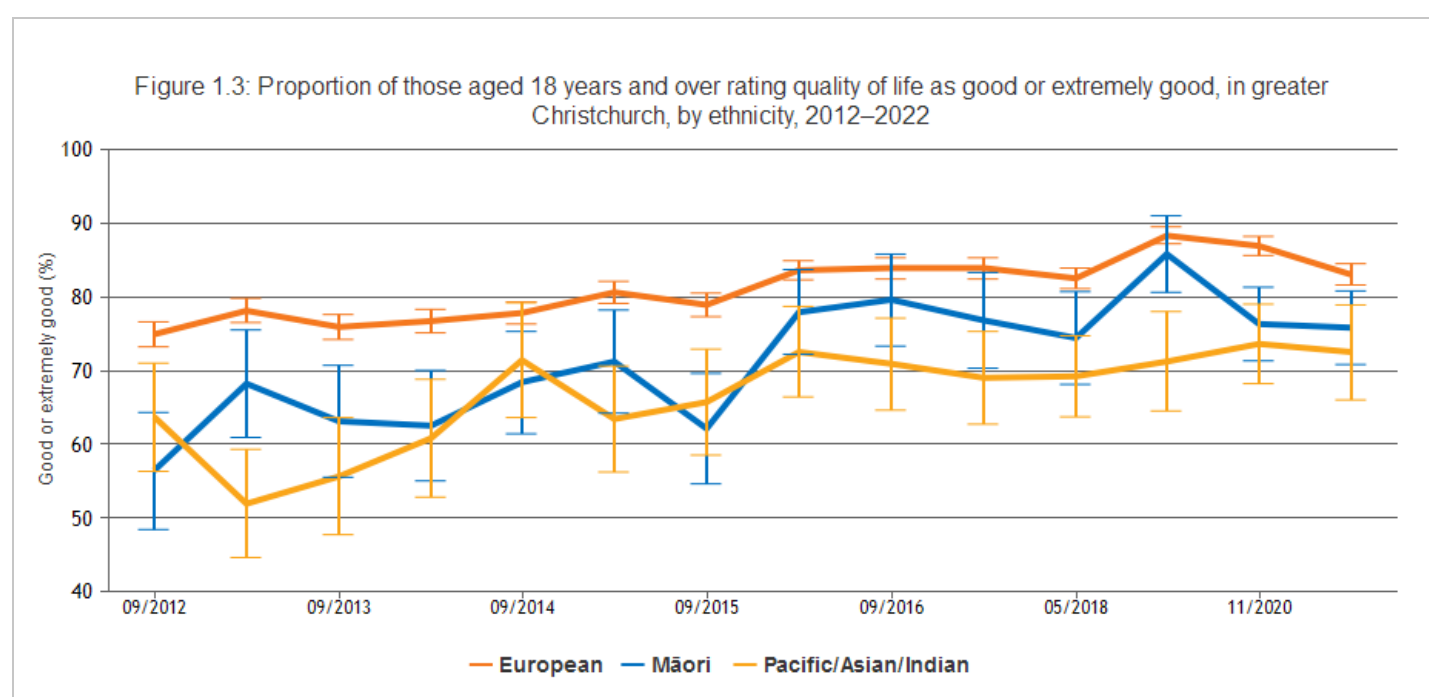


Quality of life: Breakdown by ethnicity

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The figure shows that levels of overall quality of life (proportion of those rating their quality of life as good or extremely good) have generally been higher for European respondents, compared with Māori and Pacific/Asian/Indian respondents. This difference has been statistically significant for much of the time-series presented. In 2022, the proportion of European respondents rating their quality of life as good or extremely good remains statistically significantly higher than that for Pacific/Asian/Indian respondents (European, 83.0% compared with Pacific/Asian/Indian, 72.5%) and for Māori respondents, 75.8%). While there is some variability in the results for Māori (due to smaller absolute numbers in the survey sample) there appears to be an overall pattern of convergence of the proportion for Māori and European respondents over the last eight years (less so for Pacific/Asian/Indian respondents).

Data Sources for Quality of life

Source: Te Whatu Ora Waitaha Canterbury.

Survey/data set: Canterbury Wellbeing Survey to 2022. Access publicly available data from Te Mana Ora | Community and Public Health website www.cph.co.nz/your-health/wellbeing-survey/

Source data frequency: Annually.

Metadata for the Quality of life indicator is available at <https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/index-data>

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