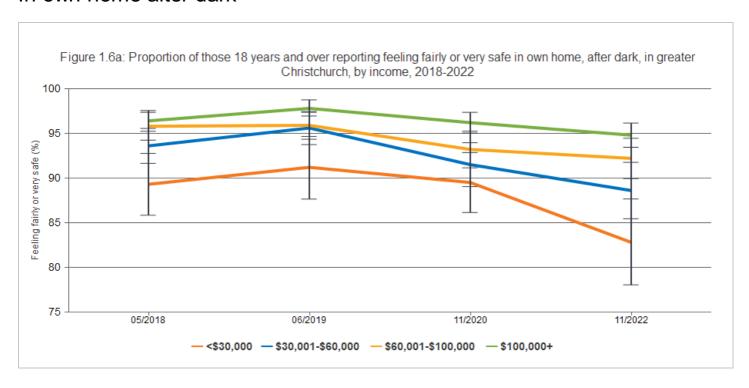


Perceptions of safety: Breakdown by income

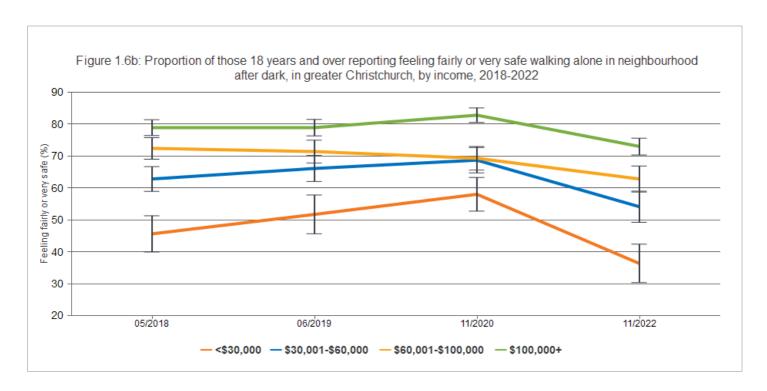
Downloaded from https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/our-wellbeing/safety/perceptions-of-safety/#link-breakdown-by-income on 27/04/2024 3:01 AM

In own home after dark



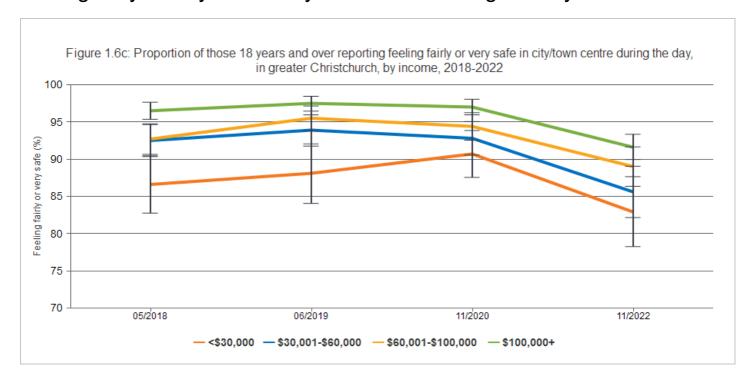
The figure shows that the proportion of respondents reporting that they felt fairly safe or very safe in their own home after dark, in greater Christchurch, generally increases with increasing annual household income. The differences between the lowest income groups and the two highest income groups are statistically significant in 2020 and 2022. In 2022, a statistically significantly smaller proportion of respondents from the <\$30,000 income group (82.8%) felt fairly safe or very safe in their own home after dark compared with respondents in the \$60,001 to \$100,000 and \$100,000+ income groups (92.2% and 94.8% respectively).

Walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark



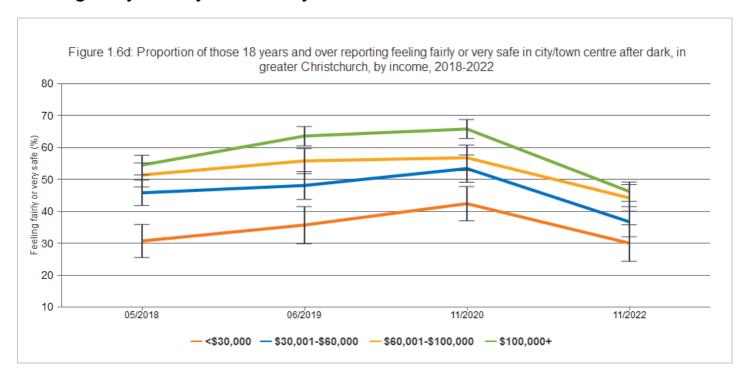
The figure shows that the proportion of respondents reporting that they felt fairly safe or very safe walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark, in greater Christchurch, generally increases with increasing annual household income. The differences between the lowest two income groups and the highest income group are statistically significant at all points over the time series shown. In 2022, a statistically significantly smaller proportion of respondents from the <\$30,000 income group (36.3%) felt fairly safe or very safe walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark compared with respondents in the \$60,001 to \$100,000 and \$100,000+ income groups (62.8% and 73.0% respectively).

Feeling fairly or very safe in city/town centre during the day



The figure shows that the proportion of respondents reporting that they felt fairly safe or very safe in the city/town centre during the day in greater Christchurch, generally increases with increasing annual household income. The difference between the lowest income group and the highest income group was statistically significant at all the time-points shown. In 2022, a statistically significantly smaller proportion of respondents from the <\$30,000 income group (82.9%) felt fairly safe or very safe in the city/town centre during the day, compared with respondents in the \$60,001 to \$100,000 and \$100,000+ income groups (89% and 91.6%, respectively).

Feeling fairly or very safe in city/town centre after dark



The figure shows that the proportion of respondents reporting that they felt fairly safe or very safe in the city/town centre after dark, in greater Christchurch, generally increases with increasing annual household income. The differences between the lower income group and the two highest income group are statistically significant across the time series shown. In 2022, a statistically significantly smaller proportion of respondents from the <\$30,000 income group (30%) felt fairly safe or very safe in the city/town centre after dark compared with respondents in the \$60,001 to \$100,000 and \$100,000+ income groups (44.2% and 46.2% respectively).

Data Sources for Perceptions of safety

Source: Te Whatu Ora Waitaha - formerly the Canterbury District Health Board.

Survey/data set: Canterbury Wellbeing Survey to 2022. Access publicly available data from Te Mana Ora | Community and Public Health website www.cph.co.nz/your-health/wellbeing-survey/

Source data frequency: Annually.

Metadata for the Perceptions of safety indicator is available at https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/index-data

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