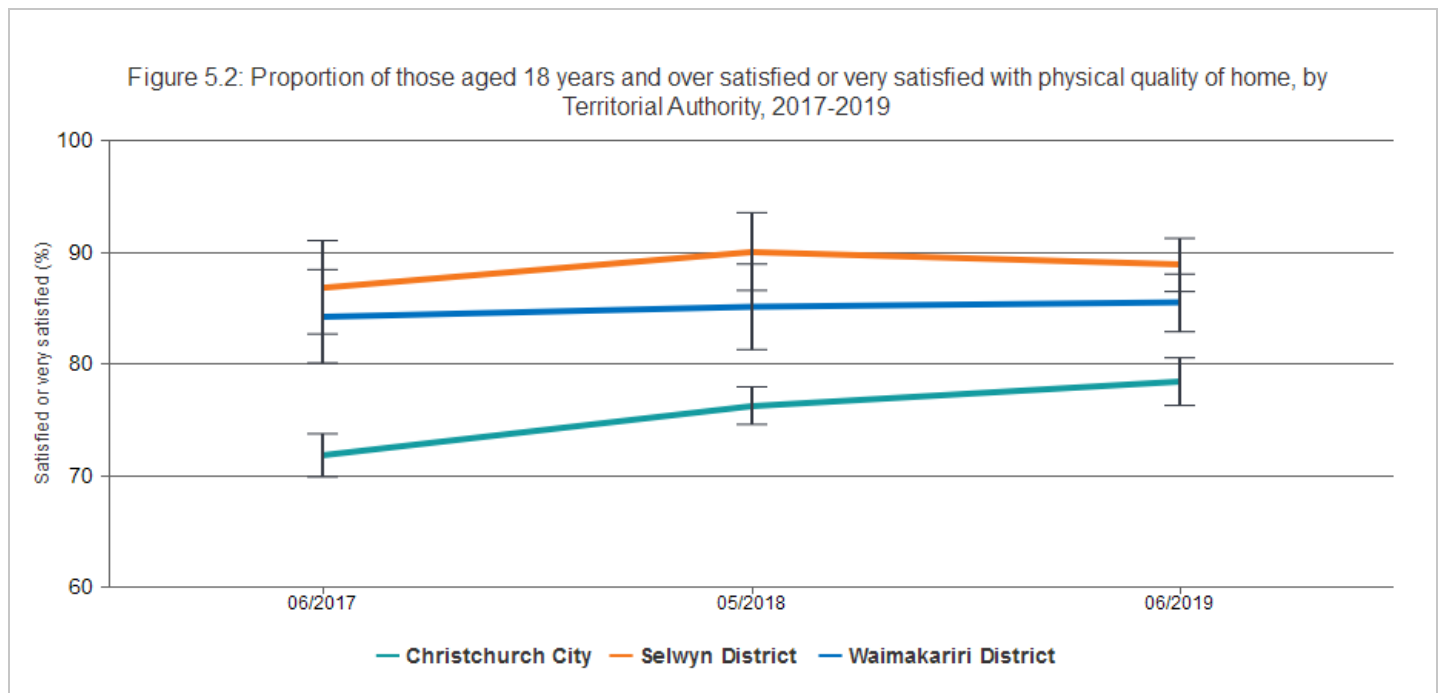


Housing quality: Breakdown by Territorial Authority

Downloaded from <https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/our-wellbeing/housing/housing-quality/#ink-breakdown-by-territorial-authority> on 07/07/2022 4:39 AM



The figure shows that in June 2019, over three-quarters of Christchurch City respondents indicated that they were satisfied or very satisfied with the physical quality of the home in which they lived. Respondents living in Selwyn District and Waimakariri District were statistically significantly more likely to indicate that they were satisfied or very satisfied with the overall quality of their home (Selwyn 88.9 percent; Waimakariri 85.5 percent) compared with Christchurch City residents (78.4 percent). While the general pattern seen in 2019 reflects that seen in the previous two years, the proportion of Christchurch City residents reporting that they were satisfied or very satisfied with the physical quality of their home has increased statistically significantly between 2017 and 2019 (from 71.8 percent in 2017 to 78.4 percent in 2019).

Data Sources for Housing quality

Source: Canterbury District Health Board.

Survey/data set: Canterbury Wellbeing Survey to 2019. Access publicly available data from the Community and Public Health (Canterbury DHB) website www.cph.co.nz/your-health/wellbeing-survey/

Source data frequency: Annually.

Metadata for the Housing quality indicator is available at <https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/index-data>

REFERENCES

This is the full reference list for **Housing**.

- 1 Ministry of Social Development (2016) *The Social Report 2016*. Wellington: Ministry of Social Development.
- 2 Howden-Chapman P (2004) Housing standards: a glossary of housing and health. *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*. 58: 162-168.
- 3 National Health Committee (1998) *The Social, Cultural and Economic Determinants of Health in New Zealand: Action to Improve Health*. Wellington: National Health Committee.
- 4 Thomson H, Thomas S, Sellstrom E, Petticrew M (2013) Housing improvements for health and associated socio-economic outcomes. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev*. Cd008657.
- 5 Carter D, Sharp S, British Medical Association (2003) *Housing and health: Building for the future*. London: British Medical Association.
- 6 Howden-Chapman P, Matheson A, Crane J, Viggers H, Cunningham M, et al. (2007) Effect of insulating existing houses on health inequality: cluster randomised study in the community. *BMJ* 334: 460.
- 7 Howden-Chapman P, Pierse N, Nicholls S, Gillespie-Bennett J, Viggers H, et al. (2008) Effects of improved home heating on asthma in community dwelling children: randomised controlled trial. *BMJ* 337.
- 8 Mitchell I, O'Malley S (2004) How affordable is housing in New Zealand and what strategies are available to reduce housing stress? Social Policy, Research and Evaluation Conference, 25–26 November. Wellington.
- 9 Baker MG, Goodyear R, Telfar Barnard L, Howden-Chapman P (2012) *The Distribution of Household Crowding in New Zealand: An analysis based on 1991 to 2006 Census data*. Wellington: He Kainga Oranga/Housing and Health Research Programme, University of Otago.
- 10 Ministry of Housing and Urban Development. (2019). *Housing Affordability Measure Method HAM version 1.4*. Wellington: Ministry of Housing and Urban Development.
- 11 Miller S, Suie S, Bycroft C (2018) *Comparing housing information from census and tenancy bond data*. Wellington: Statistics New Zealand.
- 12 Baker MG, McDonald A, Zhang J, Howden-Chapman P (2013) *Infectious Diseases Attributable to Household Crowding in New Zealand: A systematic review and burden of disease estimate*. Wellington: He Kainga Oranga/Housing and Health Research Programme, University of Otago.
- 13 Crothers C, Kearns R, Lindsey D (1993) Housing in Manukau City: Overcrowding, Poor Housing and Their Consequences *Working Papers in Sociology, University of Auckland* 27.
- 14 Evans GW (2003) The built environment and mental health. *J Urban Health* 80: 536-555.