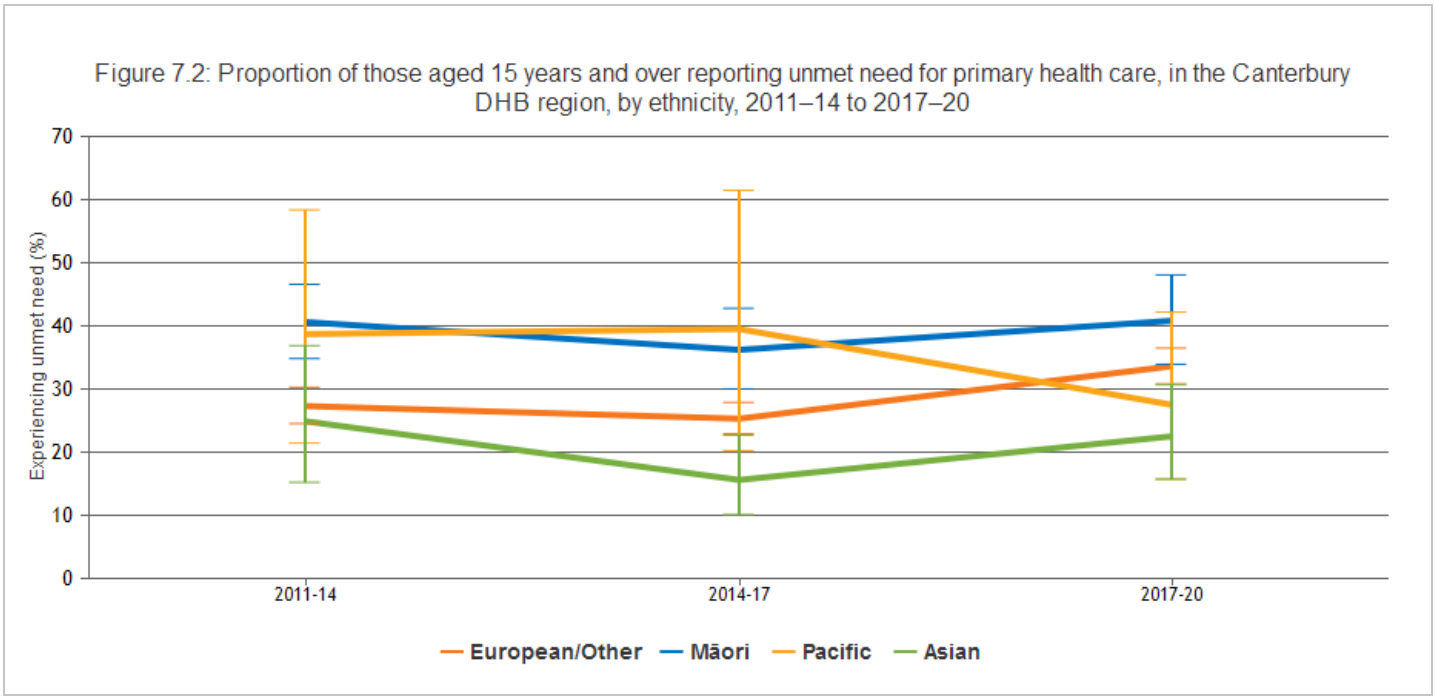
Unmet need: Breakdown by ethnicity

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Approximately two out of five Māori respondents in the Canterbury DHB region (40.8%) indicated an unmet need for primary health care during the period 2017–20, compared with one third 33.6% for European/Other respondents in the Canterbury DHB region, although this difference is not statistically significant. Asian respondents had a lower prevalence of unmet need for primary health care compared with Māori, Pacific, and European/Other respondents, over the time series shown. In 2017/20, Asian respondents had a statistically significantly lower prevalence of unmet need compared with Māori respondents (22.5% vs. 40.8%). Overall, the pattern of unmet need for primary health care by ethnicity appears relatively stable over the time series shown (with the possible exception of Pacific respondents), although the precision of the estimates is low due to small sample sizes.

Data Sources for Unmet need

Source: Ministry of Health.
Survey/data set: New Zealand Health Survey to 2020. Access publicly available data from the Ministry of Health website https://minhealthnz.shinyapps.io/nz-health-survey-2020-21-annual-data-explorer/_w_0bb7535a/#!/explore-indicators
Source data frequency: Survey conducted continuously with data reported annually. Regional results (pooled data) released every 3 years.

Metadata for the Unmet need indicator is available at https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/index-data

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