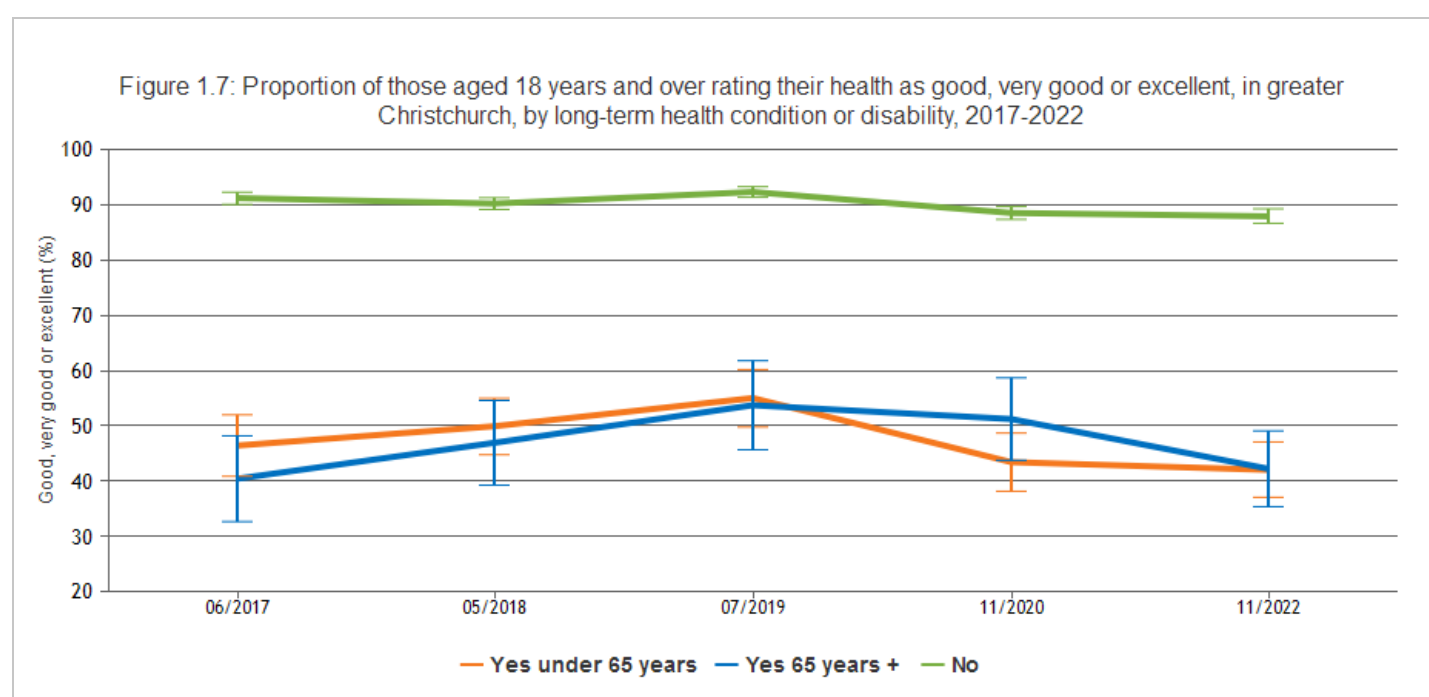


Self-rated health: Breakdown by disability

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The figure shows that respondents with a disability or long-term health condition (irrespective of age) indicated markedly poorer self-rated health (a statistically significantly smaller proportion rating their health as good, very good or excellent) compared with those without a disability or long-term health condition over the time period from 2017 to 2022. There is no statistically significant difference in self-rated health between those with a disability or long-term health condition who are aged under 65 years and those who are aged 65 years and over at any timepoint (42.0% and 42.2% in 2022, respectively). Between 2019 and 2022 there was a statistically significant decrease in the proportion of respondents with a disability or long-term health condition who are aged under 65 years rating their health as good, very good or excellent, however no significant change was observed among those without a disability or long-term health condition, or those with a disability or long-term health condition who are aged 65 years and over (while decreasing from 2019 to 2020, the difference is not statistically significant).

Data Sources for Self-rated health

Source: Te Whatu Ora Waitaha Canterbury - formerly the Canterbury District Health Board.

Survey/data set: Canterbury Wellbeing Survey to 2022. Access publicly available data from Te Mana Ora | Community and Public Health website at www.cph.co.nz/your-health/wellbeing-survey/

Source data frequency: Annually.

Metadata for the Self-rated health indicator is available at <https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/index-data>

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