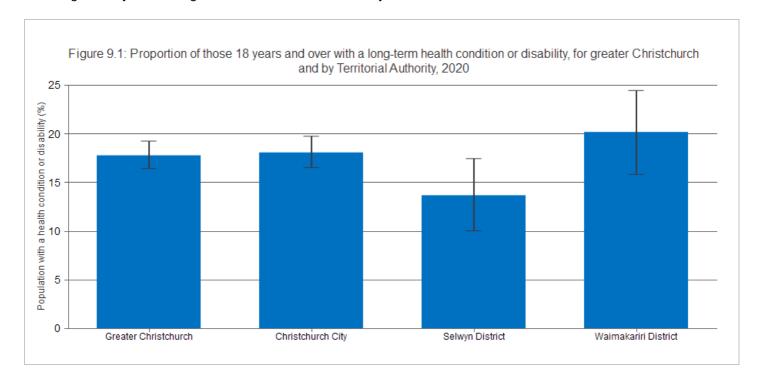


Our Population: Long-term health condition or disability

Downloaded from https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/our-population/#link-long-term-health-condition-or-disability on 29/04/2024 6:40 AM

Long-term health condition or disability status has been measured in the Canterbury Wellbeing Survey since baseline (2012) [10]. The survey asks respondents whether they have a long-term health condition or disability (lasting 6 months or more) that stops them from doing everyday things that other people can do [11]. Over the time-series of the survey, respondents who have indicated having a long-term health condition or disability have also had poorer outcomes across a number of other survey measures, relating to both wellbeing status and to access to the determinants of wellbeing (for example overall quality of life, emotional wellbeing, loneliness or isolation, self-rated health, stress, ease of access to suitable transport for daily activities, ease of access to the natural environment, and household income meeting everyday needs) [11].

This indicator presents the proportion of those 18 years and over who responded to the 2020 Canterbury Wellbeing Survey indicating that they have a long-term health condition or disability.



The figure shows that, in greater Christchurch, the proportion of respondents living with a long-term health condition or disability was 17.8 percent in 2020. Waimakariri District had the highest proportion (20.2%) of respondents with a long-term health condition or disability, followed by Christchurch City (18.1%) and Selwyn District (13.7%). There were no statistically significant differences between the four areas.

Data Sources

Source: Canterbury District Health Board.

Survey/data set: Canterbury Wellbeing Survey to 2020. Access publicly available data from the Community and Public Health (Canterbury DHB) website www.cph.co.nz/your-health/wellbeing-survey/

Source data frequency: Annually.



REFERENCES

This is the full reference list for Our Population.

- 1 New Zealand Treasury, McLeod K (2018) Where we come from, where we go describing population change in New Zealand: Analytical paper 18/02. Wellington: New Zealand Treasury.
- 2 Statistics New Zealand (2018) Frequently asked questions population statistics updated 25 September 2018. Retrieved 15 November 2018 from www.stats.govt.nz
- 3 Ministry of Health (2016) *Health and independence report 2016: The Director-General of Health's annual report on the state of public health.* Wellington: Ministry of Health.
- 4 Statistics New Zealand (2014) 2013 Census Quick Stats about greater Christchurch. Wellington: Statistics New Zealand.
- 5 Statistics New Zealand (2013) New Zealand Census of population and dwellings. Wellington: Statistics New Zealand.
- 6 Salmond CE, Crampton P (2002) NZDep2001 index of deprivation. Wellington: Department of Public Health, Wellington School of Medicine and Health Science.
- 7 Atkinson J, Salmond, C., & Crampton, P. (2019) NZDep2018 Index of Deprivation, final research report, December 2020. Wellington: Department of Public Health, University of Otago.
- 8 Exeter D, Browne M, Chiang A, Crengle S, Zhao J, Lee A (undated) The 2018 New Zealand Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD18): Indicators for social and health research in New Zealand. Brief report. Auckland: The University of Auckland.
- 9 Exeter DJ, Zhao J, Crengle S, Lee A, Browne M (2017) The New Zealand Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD): A new suite of indicators for social and health research in Aotearoa, New Zealand. *PLoS One* 12.
- 10 CERA (2012) CERA Wellbeing Survey 2012 Report, prepared by AC Nielsen for the Canterbury Earthquake Recovery Authority. AC Nielsen and the Canterbury Earthquake Recovery Authority.
- 11 Canterbury DHB (2018) Canterbury Wellbeing Survey, June 2018: Report prepared by Nielsen for the Canterbury District Health Board and partnering agencies. Christchurch: Canterbury District Health Board.
- 12 Statistics New Zealand (2014) Disability Survey: 2013. Wellington: Statistics New Zealand.